# TEMMING

# **EXPECTATIONS**

# AT

HOUSTON MIDDLE
SCHOOL
2010-2011

# **Team Roles and Responsibilities**

#### Team Leader

- Develops weekly agenda (with team input)
- Facilitates meetings
- Represent the team at leadership meetings
- Builds team unity and resolves conflict between team members
- Liaison between team and administration

## Secretary/Note taker

- Briefly review the notes from previous meeting.
- Takes notes at ALL meetings
- Keeps record of planning topics, decisions, calendar, agendas, etc.
- Records notes on server
- Maintains intervention checklist
- Prints phone logs at midterm and quarter, then places in team box

#### **Timekeeper**

 Keeps team on task for pre-determined discussion topics from the agenda

## Communicator/Public Relations

- Keeps non-team members informed (kitchen, office, electives, buses) of schedule changes, field trips, and projects.
- Will communicate in a timely manner.
- Liaison with the public when needed (donations, guest speakers, etc.)
- In charge of home/school communication (newsletters, notices, fliers, etc.)

## **Document/Materials Manager**

- Develops any needed forms (many are already on server)
- Secures any needed supplies/resources

## **School Wide Team Meeting Expectations**

- BE ON TIME
- Come Prepared with necessary materials for days activity
  - o Be prepared to commit entire meeting to team issues (ie: no lesson plans, no grading papers....)
- Demonstrate professionalism, collegiality and respect for team members at all times.
- Follow discussion protocol

Each	team	will	develop	a discussi	ion protoc	ol that v	works b	est for	them.	
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## **Team Start-up Activities**

- Review 10 Barriers to Effective Teaming (see attached)
- Identify specific classroom procedures and expectations beyond Make Your Day. For example, policy for going to lockers, having food during class, bathroom procedures, and seating arrangements.
- Review and discuss proper paper heading procedure (see example)
- Discuss and determine the policy for "no-name" papers
- Discuss homework expectations. How much homework is "too much"? Consider our demographics and the <u>purpose</u> for the homework.
- Coordinate homework, tests, and quizzes.
- Review and discuss grading policies; this includes homework, late work policies. (Review School Board Strategic Plan)
- Discuss how students are kept aware of deadlines, projects, etc.? For example, should the team maintain a team calendar or bulletin board?
- Talk about how the team will communicate with parents. The expectation of our administration is for the team webpage to stay updated.
- Discuss student recognition and how/if the team will participate
- Discuss any proposed field trips and get approval forms ASAP.
- Discuss the strategies each team member uses to differentiate/modify instruction for ALL students
- Refer to "50 Great Things Teams Do". (see attached)

# 10 Barriers For Effective Teams To Overcome

- 1. **PERSONALITY CONFLICTS** Recognize and appreciate diversity and make allowances for different needs, characteristics, moods, and personalities within the team.
- 2. **INCONSISTENCY IN STUDENT EXPECTATIONS** Recognize that team members all view the teaching and learning process differently and that it is the team's responsibility to synthesize these expectations when making decisions.
- 3. **INCONSISTENCY IN TEACHER EXPECTATIONS** Recognize the individuality of team members when setting personal goals and objectives for the school year and work to reach consensus on goals and objectives, in keeping with teacher talents.
- 4. **POOR PLANNING, ORGANIZATION, AND PREPARATION** Recognize that teams often take shortcuts in planning or goal-setting for the school year, organizing resources, and preparing students and parents for the teaming process. It is critical that an effort be made in the opening weeks of school to set the tone for the next nine months.
- 5. LACK OF SUPPORT FOR ONE ANOTHER OR DISLOYALTY Recognize that there will be times when team members do not offer one another the degree of support or loyalty required for making interdisciplinary teams successful. This is often due to teacher stress and/or burnout. Remember that when team members begin to experience these difficulties, time must be set aside immediately to resolve the divisive issues and get back on track.

- 6. **POOR COMMUNICATION** Recognize that two-way communication is the very heart and soul of effective teaming and should become the first priority when dealing with the various members of the teaming process.
- 7. **REFUSAL TO SHARE IDEAS AND MATERIALS** Recognize that in the past, many teachers have been programmed to hoard materials and hide ideas rather than share resources and exchange information. Teaming requires collaboration on a daily basis to maximize learning and growing for students *and* for teachers.
- 8. **DIFFICULTY WITH INDIVIDUAL TEAM MEMBERS** Recognize that on some teams there will be teachers who don't want to be there for reasons ranging from individual feelings of inadequacy to ignorance of the teaming concept. For the good of the students, each team member must accept individual strengths and weaknesses within the team.
- 9. **INABILITY TO VARY DELIVERY SYSTEMS** Recognize that it is not enough to recognize the grouping of teachers and students into teams, but that the restructuring of instructional time and techniques is also critical to the redesign of middle-level classrooms.
- 10. **POOR PUBLIC RELATIONS** Recognize that teachers must do a better job of "tooting their own horns" and letting the public know the advantages that teaming brings to the schooling process. Teaming is compatible with today's workplace with its emphasis on quality teams, shared decision-making, and empowerment of workers. Let the world know that today's middle school classrooms now represent a more realistic training ground for tomorrow's business settings.

#### 50 GREAT THINGS TEAMS DO

- 1. Coordination of homework
- 2. Coordination of tests and quizzes
- 3. Joint parent conferences
- 4. Joint student conferences
- 5. Coordinate with counselor at least once a week
- 6. Use support personnel
- 7. Full student team meetings once a month
- 8. Frequent student awards and rewards/recognize all successes
- 9. Written team policies for students
- 10. Common discipline procedures
- 11. Team bulletin boards
- 12. Monitor academic achievement regularly
- 13. Meet often
- 14. Back to school experiences for parents
- 15. Common rules for homework for absent students
- 16. Common paper headings
- 17. Team calendar
- 18. Team detention
- 19. Team help sessions
- 20. Have and maintain strong team identity
- 21. Team professional reading sessions
- 22. Team notebook
- 23. Team handbook for teachers
- 24. Team newsletter
- 25. Have and use flexible block scheduling
- 26. Interdisciplinary instruction
- 27. Common grading policies
- 28. Common extra credit policies
- 29. Late assignment policy
- 30. Switch teachers
- 31. Teachers and kids need to have fun
- 32. Team lock-in
- 33. Hire their own colleagues
- 34. Schedule their own kids
- 35. Team list of student supplies to parents in August
- 36. Team birthday cards
- 37. Like each other and respect as professionals
- 38. Coordinate with exploratory
- 39. Guest speakers
- 40. Team field trips
- 41. Plan for special education student needs
- 42. Vocabulary of the week
- 43. Skill of the week
- 44. Create and monitor team goals
- 45. Common hall passes and procedures
- 46. Team banner and motto
- 47. Team brochure
- 48. Team building/bonding the first week of school
- 49. Share successes and failures
- 50. Team anything

#### Weekly PLC Agenda

This may look different for each grade level. Here is an example of how a team's week may look:

**Monday:** Advisory planning for the week (be specific about study hall)

Tuesday: Intervention with administration

Wednesday: Parent contact day (phone logs MUST be maintained)
Thursday: Professional development (peer coaching discussions, book

studies, professional articles, etc.)

Friday: Interdisciplinary curriculum

#### Team Maintenance

• Team Assessment: Complete this twice during the first quarter, then quarterly afterwards. (See attached)

#### Where Are We As a Team?

Listed below are the 10 characteristics of effective teaming. You will be asked to use this worksheet five times during the school year for your teams reflection and planning. Please rank each of the characteristics on a scale from 1-8.

- 7-8 Exemplary level of development and implementation.
- 5-6 Fully functioning and operational level of development and implementation.
- 3-4 Limited development or partial implementation
- 1-2 Little or no development and implementation

	9-13	10-11	12-6	2-28	4-25
1. Our team recognizes and appreciates diversity and					
makes allowances for different needs, characteristics,	-	***************************************			
moods, and personalities within the team.					
2. Although each member of our team views the					
teaching and learning process differently, we synthesize					
these expectations when making decisions.					
3. Our team recognizes the individuality of team					
members when setting personal goals and objectives for					
the school year and we work to reach consensus on		•			
goals and objectives, in keeping with our talents.					
4. Our team works hard together to plan, set goals for			***************************************		
the school year, organize resources, and prepare					
students and parents for the teaming process.					
5. Our team demonstrates a high degree of the support	•				ļ
and loyalty required for making interdisciplinary teams					
successful.					
6. Our team recognizes that two-way communication is					
the very heart and soul of effective teaming and is our					
first priority.					
7. Our team shares resources and exchanges			Ì		
information to maximize learning and growing for					
students and for teachers.					ļ
8. Our team accepts individual strengths and					
weaknesses within the team.					
9. Our team recognizes that the restructuring of					
instructional time and techniques is critical to the					
redesign of middle-level classrooms.					
10. Our team understands and shares the advantages					
that teaming brings to the education process with the					
public.					